What is a PSST?

According to RCW 82.14.450:

- A county legislative authority may submit an authorizing proposition to the county voters at a primary or general election and, if the proposition is approved by a majority of persons voting, impose a sales and use tax.
- The rate of tax may not exceed three-tenths of one percent.
- Money received by a county must be shared between the county and the cities as follows: 60 percent must be retained by the county and 40 percent must be distributed on a per capita basis to cities in the county.
- One-third of all money received under this section must be used solely for criminal justice purposes, fire protection purposes, or both.
- The remaining two-thirds may be used for any lawful governmental purpose but must be spent in accordance with the purpose(s) specified in the ballot measure (MRSC, 2023).

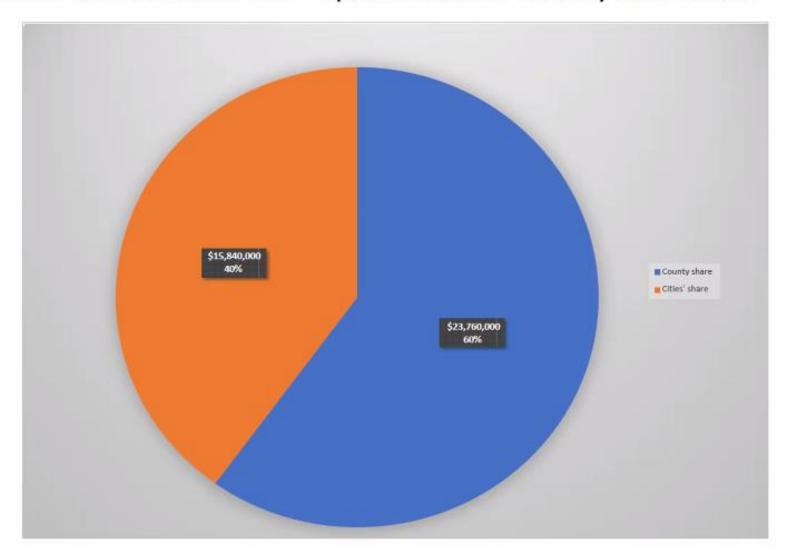
Why seek a PSST now?

- Snohomish County has a large population that is growing quickly.
- Violent crime and the impacts of the drug epidemic affect our residents' quality of life, our businesses, and our communities.
- Addressing violent crime and the drug epidemic requires additional resources for the County and our cities.
- A PSST can:
 - directly support proven tactics that can reduce crime and target offenders immediately.
 - fund evidence-based measures to address violence and substance abuse <u>before</u> they happen.
 - create new or expand existing programs that reduce the visible impacts in the community.

Executive Board's Recommendations

Estimated Revenue from a 0.2% Sales Tax – Split Between County and Cities

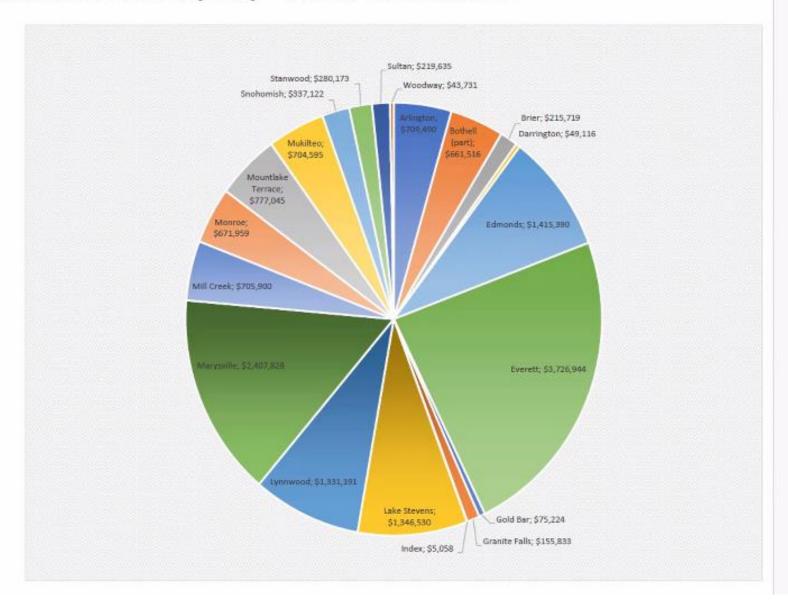
- Forecast includes initial exemption for motor vehicles (RCW 82.14.450(4))
- · Estimated cost:
 - \$46.58 per year
 - \$3.88 per month
 - \$.18 per day



Annual Revenue by City - Based on Estimate

NOTE

- RCW 82.14.250 places the same requirements on cities.
 - At least 1/3 for criminal justice purposes.
- The Executive's proposal addresses only the County's portion.
 - We hope to collaborate but acknowledge that cities will address their individual needs.



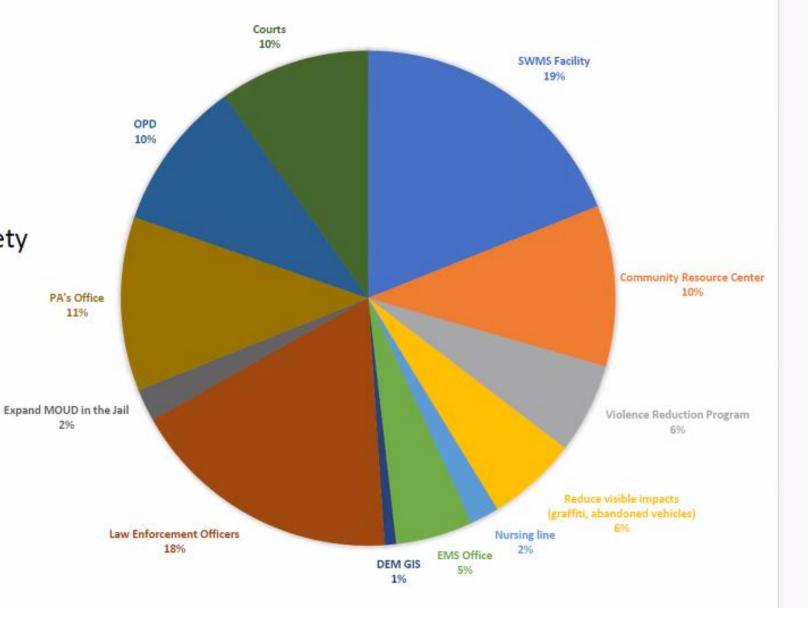
Proposed Actions to Address Violence and the Impacts of the Drug Epidemic

	Hire additional law enforcement officers, including park rangers.
	Provide needed resources to the Prosecuting Attorney's Office, the Office of Public Defense, and the Courts
۵	Acquire and operate a secure withdrawal management facility.
	Acquire and operate a second resource center.
	Expand access to substance use treatment in the jail.
	Create or expand programs to reduce the visible impacts of crime – Graffiti, derelict vehicles, etc.
۵	Support programs that diminish the impacts of the drug epidemic on Fire/EMS
	Develop or expand programs focused on preventing youth violence.

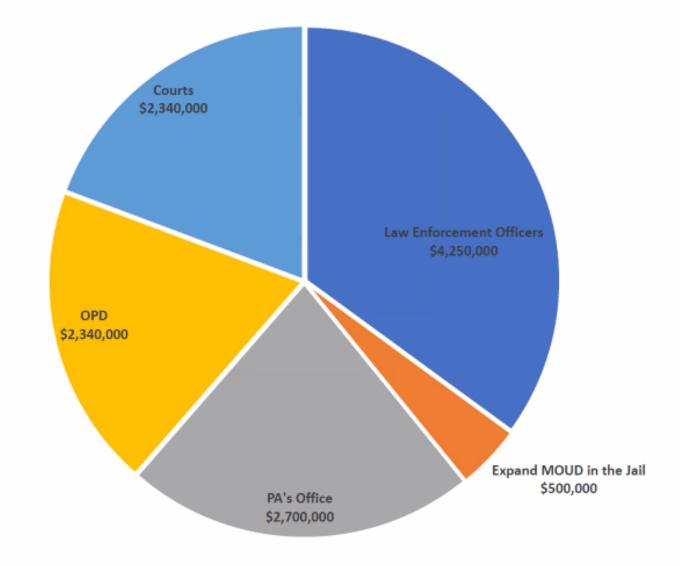
PROPOSED OVERALL BREAKDOWN OF COUNTY USE

51% for Criminal Justice Purposes

49% for Other Public Safety and Health Measures



51% for Criminal Justice Purposes (\$12,130,000)

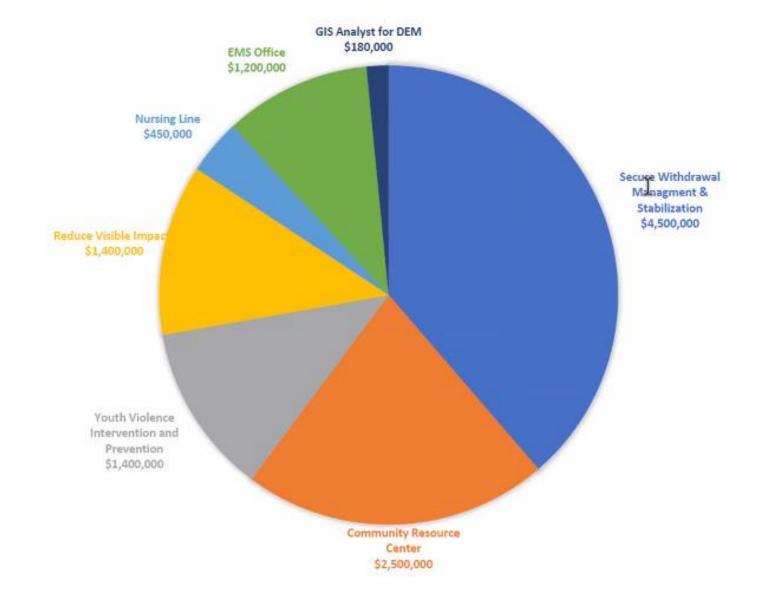


Details of Proposed Criminal Justice Uses

51% = \$12,130,000 per year

- 18% (\$4,250,000) to hire additional law enforcement officers deputies and park rangers.
- 11% (\$2,700,000) to hire additional staff in the Prosecuting Attorney's Office.
- 10% (\$2,340,000) to hire additional staff for the Office of Public Defense.
- 10% (\$2,340,000) to hire additional staff for the Courts.
- 2% (\$500,000) to expand the medication assisted treatment program in the jail.

49% for Other Public Safety and Health Uses (\$11,630,000)



Details of Other Proposed Uses (1 of 3)

49% = \$11,630,000 per year

19% (\$4,500,000) for a secure withdrawal management and stabilization (SWMS) facility.

- Also referred to as secure detox. Provides a safe and secure place for those who need involuntary treatment but do not receive it due to lack of available beds.
- Amount equals amortized capital costs plus annual cost of operation and maintenance.
- Anticipated Lead Human Services

10% (\$2,500,000) for a second community resource center.

- County already operates Carnegie via contracted services, which successfully provides resources for thousands. This would double our capacity.
- Amount equals amortized capital costs plus annual cost of operation and maintenance.
- Anticipated Lead Human Services

Details of Other Proposed Uses (2 of 3)

49% = \$11,630,000 per year

6% (\$1,400,000) to address the increase in youth violence.

- Develop a coordinated, evidence-based prevention program among Health, Human Services, and law enforcement agencies.
- Support existing, successful <u>community-based</u> programs that focus on intervention.

6% (\$1,400,000) to reduce the visible impacts of crime in our community.

- Develop a program to address graffiti based on the existing programs in Everett and Marysville, which remove graffiti in public spaces and serve as a source of intel for law enforcement.
- Provide additional support to Solid Waste and SCSO to address the growing number of abandoned vehicles in unincorporated County.

Details of Other Proposed Uses (3 of 3)

49% = \$11,630,000 per year

7% (\$1,650,000) offset the increased stress on our EMS system.

- Provide consistent funding to support a nursing line currently being piloted, which
 reduces the number of ambulance transports and emergency department visits
 needed for low-acuity patients.
- Provide funding for additional staff for the Snohomish County EMS office. SCEMS provides oversight, training, and quality assurance for all EMS providers to ensure compliance with state laws.

1% (\$180,000) to ensure we maintain the highest level of data accuracy for emergency dispatching.

- DEM's E911 program consistently provides SNO911 with data that ranks among the highest level of accuracy in the state.
- As the County experiences more development, an additional GIS Analyst ensures the E911 office keeps pace with projected growth.

In Summary

A Balanced Approach to Reducing Violent Crime and the Impacts of the Drug Epidemic

